English Nursery and Primary School

Moscow



Teaching and Learning Policy

January 2022

Review date April 2024

**INTRODUCTION**

**TEACHING AND LEARNING POLICY**

Our school is:

a safe, supportive stimulating learning environment;

a team of respectful, tolerant, open minded citizens;

a community where everyone aspires to be the very best they can be;

a community of resilient lifelong learners;

a centre of excellence where all achieve success.

**PURPOSE**

This policy promotes best practice and establishes consistency in Teaching and Learning across the

whole school. It aims to ensure that all children are provided with high quality learning experiences that lead to a consistently high level of pupil achievement and attitude.

**AIMS**

Our aim is to enable our pupils to be resilient, resourceful, responsible learners who have the confidence, skills and attitudes to be successful life-long achievers. We aim to promote a learning culture so that pupils engender a love of learning and the desire to continue to learn. We aim to give our pupils every opportunity to succeed.

Through this policy we aim to promote best practice and to establish consistency across the whole school group. It aims to ensure that the children are provided with high quality learning experiences that lead to a consistently high level of pupil achievement and attitude.

**THE SUPPORTIVE LEARNING ENVIRONMENT**

Teachers are responsible for providing a caring, supportive and stimulating learning environment in which all children are helped to reach their emotional and academic potential.

Children learn best when they feel safe to take on challenges, are interested and motivated and feel valued. We recognise the importance of building positive self-esteem in children

The essentials of positive self-esteem:

Belonging: each child has a contribution to make, we value and encourage these

Aspirations: every pupil is encouraged to work towards their achievable goal. Teachers express high aspirations for themselves and the children they teach

Safety: Consistency in expectations and standards help pupils feel safe. Clear boundaries are set and good behaviour recognised and rewarded

Identity: a sense of self-knowledge is supported by the belief that individuality is not

threatened by undue pressure to conform.

Challenge: acquiring coping strategies are an important part of development and learning.

Children are taught to take risks and learn through mistakes

Success: teachers reinforce success and build an environment where risks can be taken.

Success is celebrated as part of our learning culture

**THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT**

There are positive effects on standards and motivation of pupils associated with the physical

environment. Factors include the use of displays, music, the use of resources including ICT, the

consideration of pupil groupings in the physical layout of the room. Teachers are responsible for

ensuring classrooms are an exciting, stimulating and welcoming place to be by:

 Arranging furniture and space to create a safe, flexible learning environment including a

carpet focus area

 Creating a topic focussed environment which stimulates interest in the theme of study e.g.

wall/door display, themed book corner or role play area

 Making sure the equipment is labelled and accessible to promote independent learning

 Creating a space for each student; labelling trays, where applicable, and pegs/cubbies

 Using music to ‘set the scene’

 Teaching, and expecting, children to respect and care for their environment

 Ensuring classrooms are inviting and all areas are clear and clutter free

 Providing an inviting book corner

 Creating role play areas (where and when relevant)

**DISPLAYS**

We use display to support, reinforce and celebrate learning. Displays should aid recall, stimulate further thinking, give new information, make connections, celebrate achievement, remind children of rules and targets and motivate children towards further learning.

Each class across school should have:

 A writing display featuring the focus text which is annotated with relevant information to

support the learning (where relevant)

 A Maths display mainly promoting conceptual understanding around number and must include concrete, pictorial and abstract.

 Topic displays that are innovative and use captions to effectively generate interest.

 Science display reflecting the topic being taught; science characters to be displayed and

referred to

 Visual timetable on display at all times during the day using symbols where appropriate

 Esteem raising well-presented displays of high quality children’s work that reflects their

achievements

**THE CURRICULUM**

Teachers are responsible for maintaining a very good subject and pedagogical knowledge and for ensuring the best possible learning opportunities are planned, delivered and monitored. All adults are expected to be leaders of learning, observing good practice, building and disseminating knowledge and best practice.

KS1 and KS2:

We use the objectives from the National Curriculum for literacy and maths to underpin the taught curriculum. Literacy is at the heart of our curriculum. Classes have an over-arching topic each term which is informed by pupil questions and an enquiry approach.

Teachers plan lessons using the National Curriculum. Teachers may use schemes of work, for example White Rose in Maths, but are expected to tailor it to meet the needs of the children in their class/group. Wherever possible, links are made to real life experiences to make the curriculum relevant. Cross-curricular links are created to promote and further develop reading, writing and mathematical skills. We aim to make the curriculum reflective of, and responsive to the cultural background of our pupils.

EYFS:

Opportunities are created for the children to explore all areas of the EYFS framework; with the focus being primarily on the Prime areas to ensure all children have a strong foundation on which to build.

**FOCUS WEEKS/DAYS**

Throughout the year we hold a series of focus days or weeks; these range from specific curriculum areas e.g. book week to health or community based events e.g. International Week, Maslenitsa. The aim of this approach is to raise the profile and enthusiasm for an area and to provide children with the opportunity to practise their skills and develop new interests.

**PUPIL OUTCOMES**

Educating children to ensure they grow up to lead safe, happy, healthy and successful lives is at the heart of what we do. Through direct teaching and extended schools provision we aim to integrate and promote these ideals through the curriculum so that all pupils can.

 Be healthy

 Stay safe

 Enjoy and achieve

 Make a positive contribution

 Achieve economic well being

We provide opportunities for learning in these areas through the PSHE and psychology lessons and wider curriculum, through the use of visits and visitors and through the participation in community or charity based events.

**THE LEARNING JOURNEY**

Teachers are responsible for the planning, preparation and delivery of opportunities which enable learners, in relation to their starting points, to achieve very high standards. This requires a thorough knowledge of each individual in the class (prior attainment, targets, learning needs- IEPs, language stage, cultural backgrounds and interests) it also requires very good subject knowledge with effective planning and stimulating use of strategies, resources and personnel to enable all pupils to learn

effectively. Teachers are expected to create a secure and friendly environment in which high levels of good behaviour are maintained. Our aim as teachers is to enable learners to thrive, enjoy and develop the skills and capacity to work independently and collaboratively making good progress in all aspects of their learning. As a staff, we constantly consider teaching style, environment, rules and expectations of behaviour to ensure that every child is feeling confident, happy and secure. Recognising and celebrating success through assemblies, displays and performances are very important at ENS. We ensure that there is a broad range of opportunities for everyone to shine. Children are grouped according to the aims of the lessons. For literacy and maths this is sometimes by academic ability, however throughout the day it may be mixed ability, by gender or friendships. Activities are differentiated to meet learning needs.

**QUESTIONING**

The use of open and closed questioning is vital to teaching and learning. Questions are used to assess children’s starting points, to deepen understanding and to check children’s progress. A range of question types should be used from literal to higher order. Children must always be given thinking time and a range of strategies are employed talk partners, think-pair-share, countdown timer.

**LEARNING STYLES**

We recognise children learn in different ways and therefore plan and deliver a multi-sensory,

differentiated approach to engage all learners using auditory, kinaesthetic and visual stimuli.

A wide range of resources, including those available on interactive whiteboards, are available.

We recognise multiple intelligences and differing learning styles by providing a range of opportunities for pupils to demonstrate their understanding. These include opportunities for pupils to communicate ideas through speaking and listening, writing, story mapping, music, drama, ICT, art, investigation and problem solving, research and finding out, asking and answering questions, creative activities, debates, role-plays, oral presentations and designing and making things.

Throughout the day, pupils engage in whole-class work, group work, paired work and independent work. We aim for each session to include visual, auditory and kinaesthetic activities so that pupils see, hear and do. We make good use of ‘talk partners’ and we model, encourage and praise cooperative learning.

**THE ASSESSMENT PRIORITY IS ASSESSMENT FOR LEARNING**

Assessment lies at the heart of the process of promoting children’s learning. It provides a framework within which educational objectives may be set and children’s progress expressed and monitored.

This should be done in partnership with the children.

Assessment should be incorporated systematically into teaching strategies in order to diagnose any problems and chart progress. It helps the school to strengthen learning across the curriculum and helps teachers enhance their skills and judgements. Our assessment procedures are free from bias, stereotyping and generalisation in respect of gender, class, race and ability.

Principles

Using the principles and processes of assessment, we aim to:

• monitor progress and support learning

• recognise the achievements of pupils

• guide future planning, teaching and curriculum development

• inform parents and the wider community of pupil achievement

• provide information to ensure continuity when the pupil changes school or year group

A Learning Objective (LO) is shared (written or spoken) during each session so children understand the purpose of the lesson, at the end children are guided to assess their progress and discuss how they have achieved.

Teachers are constantly assessing; they observe, ask questions and work with groups and individuals throughout the day. Work where possible is marked alongside the child. Marking is a dialogue and teachers often ask a question or give a challenge when marking written work.

We also value summative assessments of learning, where the children are assessed against national standards. We use a variety of resources and use the results intelligently to record progress and to predict future levels of attainment.

After each assessment week, teachers in Years 1 – 6 record the attainment in reading, writing, and maths on the school tracking system for each individual pupil.

Assessments of children throughout FS are integral to good practice as observations recording significant learning for each child are collected to create a Learning Journey (Tapestry). Results of assessment are used to inform planning, set targets and aid early identification of special needs. At the end of Reception all children are assessed against the Early Learning Goals.

Senior leaders discuss with teachers assessment results during Pupil Progress meetings

**EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES**

The delivery and content of lessons should be sufficiently differentiated to ensure all pupils can access and achieve within the curriculum. Teachers must take account of SEND, gifted and talented, and language stage needs when planning and teaching lessons to ensure learning opportunities are provided which match pupils’ ability and potential.

**TECHNIQUES TO SUPPORT EFFECTIVE LEARNING**

Music

Music is used for a variety of purposes:

 To influence mood and atmosphere e.g. to energise or relax a class or to create a calm start or end to the day

 To demarcate time on a task e.g. using a timed piece of music for tidy up time, changing for PE or during handwriting

 To carry content e.g. through learning songs which carry subject content; learning with music

enhances the ability to store and retrieve related information

Brain Gym/Mindfulness moments

Brain breaks/Mindfulness moments can be used before, during or after formal learning as a means to ensure pupils are ready and actively engaged in their learning.

Trips and visitors

We are fortunate to be located within easy reach of a variety of interesting and educational places which we use to enhance the curriculum and stimulate learning. Teachers should plan a minimum of one visit/visitor per two terms with a range of experiences being provided across the year.

Teachers must obtain written permission from parents/carers before a child can go out.

**WORKING WITH OTHERS**

Parents

We actively encourage the participation of parents as partners in learning and aim to create a welcoming atmosphere.

 Parents are informed of their children’s targets, learning foci and ways to support learning through two progress reports and an end of year report information sheet written by the class teacher.

 Three official parent/teacher meetings are held across the year but parents are entitled to make an appointment to see the teacher at other times. Teachers are expected to raise any concerns about a child’s learning or behaviour with parents as soon as possible so that work can be done in partnership to resolve issues.

**HOMEWORK**

It is vital that a strong partnership is built with parents and homework gives the chance for parents to become involved in their child’s learning

Homework gives the opportunity to reinforce what has been covered in lessons, practise a skill or to introduce a new topic.

Teachers are responsible for setting and marking this work in line with the school policy.

15.EXTENDED PROVISION

We provide a varied menu of activities to support and enrich learning; these include after-school clubs, holiday clubs sports tournaments and competitions.